

SAP Performance and Tuning: Configuring Adaptive Server Enterprise 15.7

Course Summary

Description

Skills gained from this class include:

- Discuss tradeoffs involved in performance tuning
- Use sp_sysmon and other utilities to tune the server for performance gains
- Properly configure memory for optimal performance
- Manage multiple engines
- Configure, tune, and size data, procedure, and partitioned caches
- Identify and correct problems in database physical design, including table partitions
- Use statistics to manage space on DOL tables and indexes
- Choose the appropriate table locking scheme for a given application
- Reconfigure Adaptive Server dynamically
- Improve performance of tempdb by sizing, placement, and solving locking

Topics

- Principles of Performance and Tuning
- Architectural Overview
- The Tuning Toolbox
- Locking Principles
- Fragmentation
- Multiple Engines
- Named Caches
- Specialty Cache Settings
- Procedure Cache and Statement Cache Tuning
- Device Usage
- Table Partitioning
- Optimizer Statistics
- Parallelism
- Logical Process Manager
- The Bulk Copy Program (bcp)

Audience

This course is designed for database administrators and system administrators.

Prerequisites

Before taking this course, students must have taken the System and Database Administration: Adaptive Server Enterprise course or have equivalent experience.

Duration

Five days

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Course Outline

- I. Principles of Performance and Tuning**
 - A. Defining Performance and Tuning Principles
 - B. Tuning with Benchmarks
- II. Architectural Overview**
 - A. Outlining the Adaptive Server Architecture
 - B. Describing the Task Execution Process in ASE
- III. The Tuning Toolbox**
 - A. Using client apps to characterize system performance
 - B. Interpreting the output of set commands
 - C. Analyzing Server Behavior with MDA Tables and QPM
 - D. Using procedures to monitor the server
- IV. Locking Principles**
 - A. Configuring a Locking Scheme
 - B. Managing Contention
- V. Fragmentation**
 - A. Identifying Fragmentation Causes and Prevention
 - B. Diagnosing and Resolving Fragmentation
- VI. Multiple Engines**
 - A. Comparing the Process Kernel and Threaded Kernel
 - B. Describing the Process Kernel
 - C. Describing the Threaded Kernel
 - D. Monitoring Spinlocks and Contention
- VII. Named Caches**
 - A. Analyzing Named Cache Concepts and Behavior
 - B. Configuring Named Caches
 - C. Configuring Large I/O
 - D. Monitoring and Tuning Caches
 - E. Configuring Metadata Caches
- VIII. Specialty Cache Settings**
 - A. Changing the MRU LRU rules
 - B. Controlling Asynchronous Prefetch
 - C. Using Cache Partitioning
- IX. Procedure Cache and Statement Cache Tuning**
 - A. Outlining Procedure Cache
 - B. Utilizing Statement Cache
- X. Device Usage**
 - A. Examining Database Space Usage
 - B. Tuning and Troubleshooting I/O Issues
 - C. Tuning Temporary Storage
- XI. Table Partitioning**
 - A. Partitioning Tables
 - B. Identifying Benefits of Partitioning
- XII. Optimizer Statistics**
 - A. Viewing Optimizer Statistics
 - B. Creating, Updating, and Tuning Optimizer Statistics
 - C. Upgrading from Prior Versions
- XIII. Parallelism**
 - A. Outlining Parallelism Concepts and Syntax
 - B. Monitoring Parallel Access
 - C. Executing Parallel Sort
- XIV. Logical Process Manager**
 - A. Configuring Execution Classes
 - B. Binding Objects and Precedence
 - C. Optimizing Performance Using the Logical Process Manager
- XV. The Bulk Copy Program (bcp)**
 - A. Tuning bcp for Improved Performance