

IMS Database Design & Implementation

Course Summary

Description

This course is designed to provide you with the skills necessary to design, implement, and tune IMS database structures (full-function and HALDB only). Comprehensive physical design alternatives and their implications on performance are discussed. Classroom exercises reinforce topics presented in lectures. Upon completion you should be able to choose the appropriate IMS database access method, define optimization parameters for maximum efficiency, and describe the tools and techniques used in measuring and tuning existing structures.

Topics

- The Project Life Cycle
- IMS Database Management System
- IMS Database Control Blocks
- VSAM Review
- IMS Access Methods Overview
- IMS Direct Access Methods
- HIDAM
- HDAM
- HDAM Tuning
- Secondary Indexes
- Logical Relationships
- Miscellaneous Topics
- HALDB
- Monitoring & Tuning Utilities
- Review and Recap
- Workshop 1 & 2

Audience

For Information Technology professionals (database administrators, application programmers & designers, and production support personnel) who want a detailed understanding of the structure of and implementation options for IMS full-function and HALDB databases, including performance implications and guidelines.

Prerequisites

A working knowledge of the IMS database environment as obtained by on the job work or attending IMS FUNDAMENTALS; programming experience is not required.

Duration

Five days

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Course Outline

- I. *The Project Life Cycle*
 - A. Data requirements analysis
 - B. Data Element identification
 - C. Data Structures
 - D. Data Mapping
 - E. Database Design
 - F. Data Conflict resolution
- II. *IMS Database Management System*
 - A. Components of an IMS system
 - B. Hierarchic databases terminology and characteristics
 - C. Segment prefix area and pointers
 - D. The "LOAN" database and details
 - E. Database Positioning
- III. *IMS Database Control Blocks*
 - A. The control blocks used by IMS
 - B. Database Definition (DBD)
 - C. Program Communication Block (PCB)
 - D. Processing options
 - E. Program Specification Block (PSB)
 - F. Application Control Block (ACB)
- IV. *VSAM Review*
 - A. VSAM Data Sets used by IMS
 - B. Entry Sequenced Data Set (ESDS)
 - C. Key Sequenced Data Set (KSDS)
 - D. CI / CA Splits
 - E. KSDS Index Architecture and performance issues
- V. *IMS Access Methods Overview*
 - A. z/OS Access Methods
 - B. IMS Access Methods
 - C. HSAM (Hierarchic Sequential Access Method): structure, limitations, usage, & DBD
 - D. HISAM (Hierarchic Indexed Sequential Access Method): structure, characteristics, retrieval, root insert, dependent segment insert, usage, performance implications, DBD, and exercise
 - E. GSAM (Generalized Sequential Access Method): special usage and definition
- F. SHSAM & SHISAM (Simple HSAM & Simple SHISAM): usage and definition
- G. HISAM Exercise
- VI. *IMS Direct Access Methods*
 - A. Direct Points: types, usage by IMS
 - B. DBD Pointer Definition
 - C. Free space management
 - D. VSAM vs. OSAM comparison
 - E. HD Exercise
- VII. *HIDAM*
 - A. Features
 - B. Structure (IMS View vs z/OS view)
 - C. Characteristics
 - D. Processing
 - E. Usage
 - F. HIDAM and primary index DBDs
- VIII. *HDAM*
 - A. Features
 - B. Structure: primary and overflow (IMS view vs z/OS view)
 - C. Characteristics
 - D. Loading
 - E. Synonyms
 - F. Processing
 - G. Usage
 - H. HDAM DBD
- IX. *HDAM Tuning*
 - A. Design Goals
 - B. Performance Parameters: Randomizers, RAPs, BYTES
 - C. Calculations: RAPs, RAA, Overflow
 - D. Cascading
 - E. HDAM Exercise 1
 - F. HDAM Exercise 2
- X. *Secondary Indexes*
 - A. Terminology
 - B. Features
 - C. Definition
 - D. Creating unique keys
 - E. Storing duplicate data
 - F. Secondary data structure
 - G. Sparse indexing

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Course Outline (cont'd)

- H. Processing as a stand-alone database
- I. PSB specifying secondary index processing
- J. Performance considerations
- K. Secondary Index Exercise

XI. Logical Relationships

- A. Unidirectional: terminology, concatenated segment, logical view
- B. Bidirectional physically paired: physical and logical views
- C. Bidirectional Virtually Paired: physical and logical views
- D. LR Pointers: Direct vs symbolic, DBD implementation
- E. DBD examples
- F. Insert / Delete / Replace rules
- G. Logical relationship guidelines
- H. Recursive structures and implementation
- I. Performance consideration

XII. Miscellaneous Topics

- A. Data set groups
- B. Unkeyed and non-unique keyed segments
- C. Variable length segments
- D. Segment data compression

XIII. HALDB

- A. Overview
- B. Structure: partitions, pointers, self healing pointer implementation
- C. Naming conventions
- D. Definition: DBD changes, DBD / SEGM / LCHILD examples, partition secondary index, exit routines
- E. DBRC commands and records for partitions and data sets
- F. Buffer pool specifications
- G. Dynamic allocation
- H. Partition selection for processing
- I. Utilities specific to HALDB
- J. Migration considerations
- K. Application considerations

XIV. Monitoring & Tuning Utilities

- A. DB & IMS Monitor and reports
- B. AMS LISTCAT
- C. Reorganization utilities
- D. IMS Tools Solution Packs

XV. Review and Recap

XVI. Workshop 1 & 2